

Download Cattle In Ancient And Modern Ireland

Cattle—colloquially cows—are the most common type of large domesticated ungulates. They are a prominent modern member of the subfamily Bovinae, are the most widespread species of the genus *Bos*, and are most commonly classified collectively as *Bos taurus*. Cattle are commonly raised as livestock for meat (beef or veal, see beef cattle), for milk (see dairy cattle), and for hides, which are ...The aurochs (/ ˈ ɔː r ʔ k s / or / ˈ ɔː r ʔ k s /; pl. aurochs, or rarely aurochsen, aurochses), also known as urus or ure (*Bos primigenius*), is an extinct species of large wild cattle that inhabited Europe, Asia, and North Africa. It is the ancestor of domestic cattle; it has also been suggested as an ancestor genetically to the modern European bison, which have been crossbred with ...Website for Irish and Celtic literature, mythology, and folklore, including Fairy tales, mythological hero tales, and study resources. The Celtic scholar Nora Chadwick notes that in Irish mythology the prophetess Fedelm tells Queen Medb that she has been in the land of Alba learning the art of the Filidect. Medb asks if she has learned Imbas Forosnai, and when told yes, Medb asks Fedelm if she will look into her future to see how she will prosper.